

LANDA, A.L.; KRYLOV, A.A.; TROFIMOV, G.A.

Evaluation of the significance of a cytological investigation and
of a modified color reaction of bile in chronic cholecystitis.
Lab.delo 7 no.7:35-38 Jl '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Kafedra fakul'tetskoy terapii No.2 (nachal'nik - prof. A.L.Landa)
Voyenno-meditsinskoy ordena Lenina akademii imeni S.M.Kirova.
(GALL BLADDER--DISEASES)

TROFIMOV, G.A.

Changes in the function of the thyroid gland in burn disease.
Terap arkh. 35 no.1:84-89 Ja'63. (MIR 16:9)

1. Iz Voyenno-meditsinskoy ordena Lenina akademii imeni S.M.
Kirova. (BURNS AND SCALDS) (THYROID GLAND)

PINASHIN, A. N. (Eng.), TROFIMOV, G. F. (Eng.)

Magnitogorsk-Iron Mines and Mining

Organization of waste piling at the Magnitogorsk mine. Mekh. trud. rab. 6 No. 5, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, August 1952 ~~1953~~, Uncl.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001756620019-4

TROFIMOV, O.I., kand.tekhn.nauk

Fluid flow in the area of confluence of two streams. Trudy LIVT
no.7:49-56 '60. (MIRA 15:2)
(Hydraulics)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001756620019-4"

TROFIMOV, G.I., Cand Tech Sci--(disc) "Application of the theory of the potential movement of fluid to ~~the~~ ^{plane} problems of stream ramification." Len, 1958. 15 pp (Min of River Fleet RSFSR. Len Inst of Engineering of Water Transport), 110 copies (KI, 30-58,129)

- 97 -

USSR / Farm Animals. Cattle

Q

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 2, 1959, No. 7384

Author : Ivanov, N. A.; Trofimov, G. I.

Inst : Turkmen Institute of Agriculture

Title : Milk Production of Thoroughbred Red Steppe
Cattle in Turkmenistan

Orig Pub : Tr. Turkmen. s.-kh. in-ta, 1957, 9, 403-409

Abstract : It was established that the thoroughbred Red
Steppe cattle acclimatized well in Turkestan.
In 1956 the milk yields were 282.2 percent
higher than in 1955. The basic population of
the Kardamak sovkhoz cows (82.8 percent) pro-
duces milk yields within the limits of 2000-
4000 kg and a small fraction produces milk
yields lower than 2000 kg (4.5 percent) and

Card 1/2

USSR / Farm Animals. Cattle.

Q

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 2, 1959, No. 7384

higher than 4000 kg (11.7 percent). The milk's fat content stays within the limits of 3.25-3.82 percent. The duration of lactation averages 270-287 days (196 to 462 days).

-- A. D. Musin

Card 2/2

TROFIKOV, G.I.; FEL'DMAN, S.S.; MERKIN, D.R., prof., doktor fiz.-mat. nauk, red.

[Kinematics; outline of the theory. Methodological instructions and tests] Kinematika, kratkie svedeniia po teorii. Metodicheskie ukazaniia i kontrol'nye raboty. Leningrad, Izd-vo "Tekhnika transport," 1963. 80 p.
(MIRA 17:10)

SOV/124-58-8-8768

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 8, p 62 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Trofimov, G.I.

TITLE: Plotting Rational Flow-boundary Contours for Branching-out Sections of Hydraulic Installations (Postroyeniye ratsional'-nogo ochertaniya granits potoka na uchastkakh razvetvleniy)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Leningr. in-ta inzh. vodn. transp., 1957, Nr 24, pp 53-61

ABSTRACT: In the designing of hydraulic installations and structures of various types there exists the problem of determining the most suitable flow-boundary contours at places where the installation or structure in question branches out---the most suitable contours being understood to be those which would allow a smooth unimpeded flow along the flow boundaries, i.e., which would allow an even increase in the flow velocity along said boundaries. This gives rise to the following problem in hydro-mechanics: A plane flow of an ideal incompressible liquid, having a finite width at infinity, divides into two branch flows; the problem is to determine the contours of the flow boundaries when the velocity distribution along said boundaries is

Card 1/2

SOV/124-58-8-8768

Plotting Rational Flow-boundary Contours (cont.)

given. One method of solving the problem is the following: The region of variation of the velocity hodograph of the sought-for flow is assumed to be given so that 1) its boundary corresponds to the sought-for velocity variation along the flow boundaries, and so that 2) the function representing it on the upper semiplane is known; then the given hodograph region and the region of variation of the complex potential (in this case a strip with a slit in it) are represented on the upper semiplane of an auxiliary complex variable. In this event the solution is obtained in an implicit parametric form. The simplicity and effectiveness of the solution will depend on the aptness of the choice made of the given velocity hodograph. V. M. Makkaveyev (Tr. 2-go Vses. matem. s"yezda 1936, Vol 2) has examined a case in which the region of the velocity hodograph considered given has the form of a circular sector with the origin of the coordinates lying on the circumference. A solution is offered in this paper for a case in which the velocity hodograph is given in the form of a region delimited by two circular arcs, with the origin of the coordinates lying on one of the two circumferences. The solution in its final form is expressed in terms of elementary functions. In contrast to the case examined by V. M. Makkaveyev, this solution makes it possible to examine an asymmetrical flow. A method is given for determining the solution's arbitrary parameters in terms of the given velocities and mass-flow rates.

Card 2/2

G. N. Pykhteyev

TROFIMOV, G.I., kand.tekhn.nauk

Consideration of turbulent zones in determining the coefficients of compressibility of a forced flow behind a plane closing device. Izv. vys.ucheb.zav.; energ. 4 no.5:105-113 My '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Leningradskiy institut vodnogo transporta. Predstavlena kafedroy gidravliki.

(Jets)

S/863/062/000/000/007/008
D207/D308

AUTHORS: Nikiforov, Ye.G. and Trofimov, G.I.

TITLE: Experimental investigation of the vertical circulation in wind-generated flow.

SOURCE: Modelirovaniye yavleniy v atmosfere i gidrosfere;
trudy Pervoy mezhdunarodnoy konferentsii 22-26
noyabrya 1960 g. Moscow. Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1962, 93-99

TEXT: The results are given of model studies of vertical circulation in seas caused by winds. In the model experiments a glass trough 75 cm deep, 40 cm wide and 9 m long was filled with water and had a wind tunnel fitted on top of it. This tunnel had a ventilator capable of producing flow of air at 4000 m³/hour. In addition to the action of wind, waves could be produced by a special generator. The effects of wind and of the wave generator acting separately or simultaneously were studied. The velocity of flow in water was measured by means of semiconductor probes, special small vanes, cinematography of the motion of suspended particles and by ✓

Card 1/3

S/863/62/000/000/007/008

D207/D308

Experimental investigation ...

visual observation. The air flow was measured with a Pitot tube or a pneumatic instrument. Capacitance probes and cinematography were used to measure the parameters of surface waves. The vertical flow in the upper part of the water was downward, whereas in the lower part it was upward. In the surface layer the flow represented a partly-submerged stream which attracted increasing masses of the surrounding water. Convective instability of the water or the air in the apparatus did not affect the structure of the flow or the formation of surface waves. Due to irregularity of the surface waves, the vertical circulation suffered continuous oscillation. The effect of waves alone and of waves combined with wind was essentially the same. Experiments were carried out also with a layer of kerosene on top of water in a transparent trough 150 cm long, 20 cm wide and 70 cm deep, again fitted with a wind tunnel above it. The air velocity in this series of experiments was constant (5 m/sec); below this velocity no waves were formed on the kerosene surface. Under steady-state conditions in the kerosene there was no flow in the underlying water. The circulation in the kerosene and the dimensions of waves on its surface depended on the thickness of the

Card 2/3

Experimental investigation ...

S/863/62/000/000/007/008
D207/D308

kerosene layer. If the kerosene layer was sufficiently thin (e.g. 16 cm) it became wedge-shaped with the kerosene-water boundary no longer horizontal and the thicker end of the wedge at the wind-tunnel entry. In kerosene the boundary between downward and upward flow was much higher in the middle of the trough than at its ends or sides. Horizontal circulation was observed near the kerosene-water boundary. In other respects the results for kerosene were similar to those observed for water. There are 5 figures. ✓

ASSOCIATION: Arkticheskiy i antarkticheskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut (Arctic and Antarctic Scientific Research Institute); Leningradskiy institut vodnogo transporta (Leningrad Institute of Water Transport)

Card 3/3

TROFINOV, G. K. and ENGEL'GARDT, L. S.

"The Role of Synantropic Flies in the Epidemiology of Helminth Infections in Baku",
Med. Paraz. i Paraz. Bolez., Vol. 17, No. 3, pp 247-52, 1948.

TROFIMOV, G. K.; SHYAPOSHNIKOV, N. S.

Benzene Hexachloride

Testing hexachloran dust in dusting rice fields from aeroplanes. Med. paraz. i paraz. bol. No. 1, 1953.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, June 1953. Unclassified.

SPERANSKIY, A.P., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk; TROFIMOV, G.K.

Asymmetry of the erythrocyte sedimentation rate and the leukocyte count in unilateral affections of the peripheral nervous system; preliminary report. Lab.delo no.4:25-28 Jy-Ag '55. (MLRA 8:8)

1. Iz Karagandinskoy oblastnoy stantsii perelivaniya krovi (zav. G. K Trofimov)

(NERVES, PERIPHERAL, diseases,
blood sedimentation & leukocyte count, asymmetry)

(BLOOD SEDIMENTATION, in various diseases,
nervous system, peripheral, dis., relation to leukocyte count)

(LEUKOCYTE COUNT, in various diseases,
nervous system, peripheral, dis., relation to blood sedimentation)

CHIZHEVSKIY, A.L.; TROFIMOV, G.K.

Possibility of formation of rouleaux in vitro. Biul. eksp. biol.
i med. 40 no.11:70-72 N. '55. (MLRA 9:1)

1. Iz Karagandinskoy oblastnoy klinicheskoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach
Z.A. Tyshchenko) i Karagandinskoy oblastnoy stantsii perelivaniya
krovi (zav. F.L. Nizguretskaya)
(ERYTHROCYTES,
rouleaux, form. in vitro)

TROFIMOV, G.K.

A case of myiasis in sheep caused by larvae of the flesh flies
Parasarcophaga parkeri Rohd. and P. securifera Vill. (Diptera,
Sarcophagidae) in Transcaucasia. Ent. oboz. 36 no.3:652-654 '57.
(Azerbaijan--Flesh flies) (MLRA 1029)
(Myiasis)
(Sheep--Diseases and pests)

TROFIMOV, G.K.; TUAYEV, S.M.; ALIYEVA, S.I.

Case of intestinal myiasis caused by larvae of Ravinia striata F. (Diptera, Sarcophagidae). Med. paraz. i paraz. bol. 27 no.4:498 Jl-Ag '58. (MIHA 12:2)

1. Iz Instituta malyarii i mediteinskoy parazitologii Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya Azerbaydzhanskoy SSR (dir. instituta A.A. Kasimov).

(MYIASIS, case reports,

intestinal, caused by Ravinia striata larvae (Rus))

(INTESTINES, dis.

myiasis caused by Ravinia striata larvae (Rus))

BAGRAMYAN, M.G., TROFIMOV, G.K., NADZHAFOV, A.Yu., KASIMOV, A.A., DZHAYAROV, A.A.
KEVELIYEV, T.Kh.

Geographic malariological study in Azerbaijan as a basis for rational
antimalarial measures during a rapid decrease in the incidence of
malaria. Report No.1 [with summary in English]. Med-paraz. i paraz.
vol. 27 no.3:278-283 My-Je '58 (MIRA 11:7)

1. Iz Instituta malyarii i meditsinskoy parazitologii Ministerstva
zdravookhraneniya AzerSSR (dir. instituta A.A. Kasimov).
(MALARIA, prevention and control
geographic survey as indic. for control in rapid decrease
(Rus))

TROFIMOV, G.K.; KIYASOV, A.Ya.

Effect of DDT and hexachlorocyclohexane on silkworms. Med. paraz. i paraz. bol. 27 no.4:501 Jl-Ag '58. (MIRA 12:2)

1. Iz Instituta malyarii i meditsinskoy parazitologii imeni S.M. Kirova Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya Azerbaydzhanskoy SSR (dir. instituta A.A. Kasimov) (MOTHS, effect of drugs on, Bombyx mori, benzene hexachloride & DDT (Rus)) (BENZENE HEXACHLORIDE, effects, on Bombyx mori (Rus)) (DDT, effects, same)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001756620019-4"

ETLIS, V.S.; TROFIMOV, N.N.; RAZUVAYEV, G.A.

Chlorination of olefin oxides. Zhur. ob. khim. 34 no.8:2784-
2787 Ag '64.
(MIRA 17:9)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001756620019-4

TRET'YAKOV, A.V.; LOKSHIN, B.Ye.; GARBER, E.A.; TROFIMOV, G.K.

Use of methods of mathematical processing of experimental data
in the engineering and construction laboratory of the Scientific
Research Institute of Heavy Machinery at the Ural Heavy Machinery
Plant. Zav.lab. 31 no.10:1237-1238 '65.

(MIRA 19:1)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001756620019-4"

TROFIMOV, G.K., inzh.; OZOLIN, Yu.A., inzh.

Fractional deformation in cold rolling. Sbor. st.
NIITIAZHMASHa Uralmashzavoda no.6:275-278 '65.

(MIRA 18:11)

TROFIMOV, G.K.

Brief review of the fauna of synanthropic flies of the families
Muscidae, Calliphoridae and Sarcophagidae (Diptera) of the
Talysh Mountains. Ent. oboz. 44, no.3:605-612 '65. (MIRA 18:9)

l. Institut meditsinskoy parazitologii i tropicheskoy meditsiny
im. S.M.Kirova, Baku.

TOPIC TAGS: metalworking, cold working, metal test, cold rolling, hot rolling,
plasticity, metal property, plastic deformation

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001756620019-4

TOPPS TAPE cold rolled steel tape

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001756620019-4"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001756620019-4

W-E-811 steel rose from 77 to 100 kg/mm², the yield point from 21 to 25.5 kg/mm².

A SOCIATION: none

Card 2/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001756620019-4"

TRET'YAKOV, A.V.; TROFIMOV, G.K.

Empirical formulae for determining the mechanical characteristics
of cold-worked steels. Zav. lab. 30 no.7:862-863 '64.
(MIRA 18:3)

1. Ural'skiy zavod tyazhelogo mashinostroyeniya.

TROFIMOV, G.K.

Significance of human and animal excrements as a source of
breeding for synan tropic Sarcophagidae flies. Med. paraz. i
paraz. bol. 33 no.1:20-24 Ja-F '64 (MIRA 18:1)

1. Institut meditsinskoy parazitologii i tropicheskoy meditsiny imeni S.M. Kirova (direktor-dotsent T.A. Tagi-zade) Ministerstva zdravookhreneniya Azerbaydzhanskoy SSR, Baku.

TROFIMOV, G.K.

Housefly Musca sorbens Wd. (Diptera, Muscidae) in Azerbaijan.
Ent. obz. 12 no. 4:757-764 '63. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Institut malyarii i meditsinskoy parazitologii, Baku.

TROFIMOV, G.K.

Effect of aerosols on the change in blood coagulation during
the sensitization and anaphylactic shock in rabbits. Tr. v.
AN Kazakh. SSR. Ser. med. nauk no.1843-49 '64. (MIRA 1727)

TROFIMOV, G.K.

Effect of aeroions of different polarity on the change in
the complement titer. Izv. AN Kazakh. SSR Ser. med. nauk
no.2:68-72'63. (MIRA 16:10)

(AIR, IONIZED — PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)
(COMPLEMENTS (IMMUNITY))

TROFIMOV, G.K.; YESYREV, O.V.

Effect of air ions on the ciliate epithelium. Izv. AN Kazakh. SSR.
(MIRA 16:10)
Ser. med. nauk no.1:47-52 '63.

TROFIMOV, G.K.

Effect of aeroions of different polarity on the outcome and
picture of anaphylactic shock in rabbits. Izv. AN Kazakh.
SSR Ser. med. nauk no.2:73-77'63. (MIRA 16:10)
(AIR, IONIZED — PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)
(ANAPHYLAXIS)

TROFIMOV, G.K.

Effect of positive and negative aeroions on the survival of
guinea pigs in a fatal anaphylactic shock. Trudy Inst.kraev.
pat.AN Kazakh. S.S.R. 11:193-196 '62. (MIRA 16:4)
(AIR, IONIZED—THERAPEUTIC USE) (ANAPHYLAXIS)

TRET'YAKOV, A.V.; LOKSHIN, B.Ye.; TROFIMOV, G.K.

Investigating the cold rolling of the bimetal Arco iron-ASM
alloy. TSvet.met. 35 no.12:48-53 D '62. (MIRA 16:2)
(Rolling (Metalworking)) (Laminated metals)

SKRYABIN, N.P.; TROFIMOV, G.K.; KOCHETOV, I.M.; BARYSHNIKOV, P.A.;
ANAN'IN, K.I.; SHKURKO, I.M.; MINTS, B.M.; PASTUKHOV, Ye.S.; ZHELNIN, P.P.

Greater efficiency in grooving and the mechanization of rolling
on the 500 and 280 mills. Metallurg 6 no.12:23-27 D '61.
(MIRA 14:11)

1. Omutninskiy metallurgicheskiy zavod i Ural'skiy institut
chernykh metallov.
(Rolling mills--Equipment and supplies)

TRET'YAKOV, Andrey Vladimirovich; ZROFIMOV, Georgiy Konstantinovich;
ZUZIN, Vladimir Ivanovich; ROKOTYAN, Ye.S., prof., doktor
tekhn. nauk, retsenzent

[Mechanical properties of metals and alloys during their
working by pressure] Mekhanicheskie svoistva metallov i
splavov pri obrabotke davleniem. Moskva, Metallurgija,
(MIRA 18:1)
1964. 221 p.

S/136/62/000/012/001/001
E081/E483

AUTHORS: Tret'yakov, A.V., Lokshin, B.Ye., Trofimov, G.K.

TITLE: A study of cold rolling of armco iron / ACM (ASM)
alloy bimetal strip

PERIODICAL: Tsvetnyye metally, no.12, 1962, 48-53

TEXT: The authors studied the effect of total reduction in rolling on the relative thickness of the bimetal strip components, the latter parameter being characterized by $c = h_{zh}/h_p$, where h_p and h_{zh} denote the total thickness of the strip and the thickness of the iron layer respectively. It was found that, irrespective of the initial value of c , its magnitude increased linearly with increasing total reduction, reached a maximum at 45 to 50% reduction and then remained practically constant. The final value of c depended only on its initial value and on the total reduction of the strip, being practically unaffected by the initial thickness and width of the strip or by the roll diameter. The experimental results were used to derive formulae expressing the final thickness of the iron layer in a bimetal strip as a function of the initial value of c and vice versa. In the Card 1/2

S/136/62/000/012/001/001
E081/E483

A study of cold rolling ...

second stage of the investigation the roll pressure in cold rolling of iron/ASM alloy bimetal strip was evaluated. Based on experimental data, formulae were first derived expressing the UTS and 0.2% proof stress of the bimetal strip as a function of the UTS and 0.2% proof stress of the two component materials and the relative thickness of each component layer. These formulae were then used for deriving expressions for the roll pressure whose reliability is proved by the fact that they yielded values differing only by 10 to 15% from experimental data. Analysis of the formulae obtained showed that the roll pressure in rolling bimetal strip is, in addition to the usual factors, greatly affected by the initial value of c and by the difference in the contact friction of the two components of the strip. There are 5 figures.

Card 2/2

TRET'YAKOV, A.V., kand.tekhn.nauk; LOKSHIN, B.Ye., inzh.; TROFIMOV, G.K., inzh.

Changes in the mechanical properties of steel and power
consumption during cold rolling on a 1680 reversing mill.

Sbor. st. NITTAZHMASH, Uralmashzavoda no.61250-254 165.

(MIRA 18:11)

MELIK-STEPANOV, Yu.G.; SOKHIN, Yu.M.; TROFIMOV, G.N.

Jigging of ores containing valuable minerals having a specific gravity of 3 - 4. Nauch. soob. IAFAN SSSR no.3:47-49 '60.

(MIRA 16:3)

(Ore dressing)

S/122/60/000/009/001/015
A161/A026

AUTHORS: Balovnev, G.G., Candidate of Technical Sciences; Trofimov, G.S.,
Engineer

TITLE: Selecting the Rational-Section Shape for Thin-Walled Profiles

PERIODICAL: Vestnik mashinostroyeniya, 1960, No. 9, pp. 3 - 7

TEXT: The problems of selecting the rational shape of light iron profiles (angle and U-iron) has previously been treated by the authors (Ref. 1, "Vestnik mashinostroyeniya No. 4, 1959). In subject article a calculation method is suggested using a "cross-section shape coefficient method". Practical recommendations are given for calculations for three different load conditions: longitudinal bending load, twisting and bending with twist. The work has been carried out for the Laboratoriya prochnosti i rascheta s.-kh mashin (Laboratory of Strength and Calculations of Agricultural Machines) of VISKhOM. The calculation formulas are brought into simplified form for practical use by designers and sets of curves are given by which the relative height function (height of the wall) m and relative flexibility value λ may be found using the calculated total normal stress in critical section. Three practical calculation examples are given: 1)

Card 1/2

S/122/60/000/009/001/015
A161/A026

Selecting the Rational-Section Shape for Thin-Walled Profiles

Finding the cross section dimensions for a rational-shape U-bar, with compressive force of 1,000 kg applied to the center axis of a 1 m long vertical bar; 2) finding the section dimensions of an optimum-shape U-bar of 1 m length under the effect of 25 kg moments applied to each end with the ends reinforced by elements welded on, and the permissible stress being $\sigma = 1,600 \text{ kg/cm}^2$; 3) finding the rational section dimensions for a U-bar on two supports under a 3-ton load applied to the bar middle, $\sigma = 1,600 \text{ kg/cm}^2$. The purpose of the method is to eliminate the waste of metal through using excessive strength reserves. There are 6 figures.

Card 2/2

RALOVNEV, G.G., kand.tekhn.nauk, dotsent; TROFIMOV, G.S., inzh.

Selecting efficient cross sections for thin-walled bent
sections. Vest.mash. 40 no.9:3-7 S '69. (MIRA 13:9)
(Steel Structural)

KOTOVICH, O.Ye., kand. tekhn. nauk; TROFIMOV, G.S., kand. tekhn. nauk; MATVEYEV,
A.P., inzh.

Calculating frame rods of agricultural machinery for torsion. Trakt.
i sel'khozmash. no.6:31-34 Je '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sel'skokhozyaystvennogo mashinostroyeniya (for Kotovich). 2. Bashsel'khozinstut (for Trofimov). 3. Kuybyshevskiy sel'skokhozyaystvennyy institut (for Matveyev).

BALOVNEV, G.G., kand.tekhn.nauk, dots.; SINTYAGOVSKIY, I.S., kand.tekhn.
nauk, dots.; TROFIMOV, G.S., inzh.

Experimental investigation of the strength and rigidity of thin-walled bent sections. Trudy MIMESKH 9:129-144 '59. (MIRA 13:11)
(Elastic plates and shells)

SINYAGOVSKIY, I.S.; TROFIMOV, G.S.; KOZLOV, A.M., kand. tekhn. nauk,
retsenzent; LEYTIN, G.S., inzh., red.; SOKOLOVA, T.F.,
tekhn. red.

[Thin-walled bent profiles in the manufacture of agricultural machinery; fundamentals for the design of efficient forms] Tonkostennye gnutye profili v sel'sko-khoziaistvennom mashinostroenii; osnovy proektirovaniia ratsional'nykh form. Moskva, Mashgiz, 1963. 199 p.
(MIRA 16:8)

(Agricultural machinery--Design and construction)

GOROSHCHENKO, Ya.G.; MOTOV, D.L.; TROFIMOV, G.V.

Studying the rapidity of revealing by sulfuric acid of loparite,
perovskite and sphene concentrates. TSvet. met 33 no. 12:38-42
D '60. (MIRA 13:12)

(Nonferrous metals) (Ore dressing)

AUTHORS: Balovnev, G.G., Cand. Tech.Sci., Docent, and
Trofimov, G.S., Engineer.

SOV/122-59-4-1/28

TITLE: On Efficient Cross-Sectional Shapes of Thin-Walled,Bent
Profiles (O ratsional'nykh formakh secheniy tonkostennykh
gnutyykh profiley)

PERIODICAL: Vestnik Mashinostroyeniya, 1959, Nr 4, pp 3-10 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Bent profiles are up to 1.5 times stronger and up to 2
times stiffer than rolled profiles of the same weight.
The analysis of their structural efficiency is presented
using specially defined "Form Factors". The special
properties of thin walled sections must be taken into
account. Vlasov, V.Z., Corresponding Member, AN SSSR,
in "Thin-walled elastic bars", (Tonkostennye Uprugiyе
Sterzhni), Stroyizdat, 1940, has given the most complete
analysis which requires the computation of 9 geometric
quantities. All these can be expressed in terms of the
thickness and width of the original strip from which the
profile has been bent, together with form factors
depending only on the shape of the profile. Three
factors (k_1 , k_2 and k_3) transform the moment of inertia
of the original strip into the three moments of inertia

Card 1/7

SOV/122-59-4-1/28

On Efficient Cross-Sectional Shapes of Thin-walled Bent Profiles
of the profile. Another three factors (k_4 , k_5 and k_6)
have the same function in transforming the section
modulus of the strip into three section moduli of the
profile. k_7 expresses the position of the centre of
gravity and k_8 that of the centres of shear.
 k_9 expresses the flexure-torsion modulus. The form
factors are non-dimensional and depend solely on the
profile shape. For example, in a simple channel, all
nine form factors can be expressed, solely in terms of
the ratio between the channel height and the strip width.
They are plotted in Figs 2, 3 and 4 against this ratio
(relative channel height). Examining structural
efficiency under central compression, the 3 forms of
loss of stability, namely the flexural, the flexural-
torsional and the torsional, are considered. The
critical loads are given in terms of a generalized
critical load which is that of the original strip in
Euler buckling. The critical load factor is the ratio
of each special critical load of the profile to the
generalised critical load of the strip. The critical
load factors applying to the 3 forms of instability in a

Card 2/7

SOV/122-59-4-1/28

On Efficient Cross-Sectional Shapes of Thin-walled,Bent Profiles

channel are plotted in Fig 5 against the relative channel height. The critical load factor in flexural-torsional instability depends on a slenderness parameter of the original strip, several values of which are used in the family of critical load factor curves plotted against the relative height of the channel. A maximum value of the original load factor as defined is the criterion of the optimum shape of the profile. These relations and definitions make it possible to distinguish regions of geometric parameter combinations in which any one form of loss of stability is predominant. Thus the optimum shape of the profile can be found. Numerical examples are given for channel, top hat, half-round and "bowler hat" sections. When the column length is 10-25 times the width of the original strip and the profile thickness is 2% of the width, the optimum values of the relative channel height are 0.31 - 0.44 for the simple channel, 0.28 - 0.36 for the channel with inward bent edges, 0.21 - 0.41 for the top hat section, 0.37 - 0.6 for the half-round section and 0.44 - 0.6 for the "bowler hat" section. Values of the critical load factor for the

Card 3/7

SOV/122-59-4-1/28

On Efficient Cross-Sectional Shapes of Thin-walled, Bent Profiles

different types of profile at different column slenderness parameters are compared in Table 1. At a slenderness parameter of 0.1, the most efficient is the channel with inward bent edges and the least efficient the half-round section. At a slenderness parameter of 0.4, the most efficient is the half-round section and the least efficient the channel section with inward bent edges. In free-torsion, the shear stress and twist depend on the polar moment of inertia wherein the bent profile differs little from the original strip.

Experimental values for the 5 types of profile examined show factors between 1.06 and 0.82 (tests carried out by the Stress Analysis Chair of the MINESKh with the authors' participation). The most efficient is the simple channel profile. In constrained torsion, either one or both end sections may be prevented from warping. The stress and twist differ from those in free torsion by appropriate factors. Each factor is expressed in terms of form factors and a slenderness parameter (product of the strip thickness and bar length divided by the square of the original strip width). The stress

Card 4/7

SOV/122-59-4-1/28

On Efficient Cross-Sectional Shapes of Thin-walled, Bent Profiles and twist factors for different slenderness parameters are plotted against the relative channel height in Fig 7 (both ends prevented from warping) and Fig 8 (one end prevented from warping). The most efficient profiles are those with the least value of the stress and twist factors. Their minimum values are tabulated together with the associated relative channel height for the different types of profile in Table 2, showing that the slenderness parameter has a relatively small effect. The differences in the stress factors are small. The least twist factor occurs in the channel section with inward bent edges (1.0). The largest twist factor, in the "bowler hat" section (3.27). Efficiency in bending is judged by the section modulus factors (Fig 3). When bending about the axis of symmetry, maximum efficiency (k_4) occurs at a relative channel height of 0.7 - 0.8 in a simple channel, at 0.8 in a top hat section and in a channel with inward bent edges, and at 0.64 in a half-round and "bowler hat" section. When bending is associated with torsion, such as under a transverse force not passing through the shear centre, the

Card 5/7

SOV/122-59-4-1/28

On Efficient Cross-Sectional Shapes of Thin-walled, Bent Profiles

derivation of profile efficiency criteria is different for each loading case. Three cases are considered, namely a pure bending moment acting on a cantilever beam, a concentrated force acting on a cantilever beam or a concentrated force, acting on a simply supported beam. In each case, the maximum stress and maximum twist are expressed in formulae (Eqs 8, 9 and 10). Stress and twist factors are defined and the previously defined slenderness parameter is taken into account. The stress and twist factors are plotted in Figs 9 and 10 against the relative channel height for different load eccentricities but at a constant slenderness parameter. The lowest value of the stress or twist factor is a criterion of efficiency. Comparison of different profiles shows that the channel with inward bent edges is the most efficient, and the top hat section the least efficient when bending is accompanied by torsion. Generally, tall profiles are efficient but lateral stability must be separately examined. The most efficient profile would be at the limit of lateral stability, for which a method of analysis due to Vlasov is used.

Card 6/7

SOV/122-59-4-1/28

On Efficient Cross-Sectional Shapes of Thin-walled, Bent Profiles

Introducing the non-dimensional relative strip thickness and relative strip length (flexibility), the limiting relative strip length is plotted against the relative channel height at different constant relative thicknesses (Fig 11). These graphs refer to a channel section and to the first and third loading cases. It is seen that the limiting length drops sharply with the relative channel height and thus lateral stability constitutes a limiting factor in the choice of the most efficient channel height in bending with torsion. Table 3 compares a standard rolled channel profile with a bent channel and with a bent channel having inward bent edges. For the same cross-sectional area, the critical strut load in central compression can be up to 2.14 times larger in the bent profile compared with the rolled, and the stress in bending with torsion can be less than half.

There are 11 figures, 3 tables and 4 Soviet references.

Card 7/7

SINYAGOVSKIY, I.S., kand.tekhn.nauk, dotsent; TROFIMOV, G.S., kand.
tekhn.nauk

Reducing the weight of agricultural machinery and equipment
[with summary in English]. Izv. TSKhA no.2:198-200 '61.
(MIRA 14:8)
(Agricultural machinery)

SINYAGOVSKIY, I.S., dots.; TROFIMOV, G.S., inzh.

Simplifying the design of thin-walled bent rods. Trudy MIMESKH
12:244-251 '60. (MIRA 13:9)
(Elastic rods and wires)

BALOVNEV, G.G., dots.; SINYAGOVSKIY, I.S., dots.; TROFIMOV, G.S., inzh.

Experimental investigation of efficient shapes for thin-walled
bent sections. Trudy MIMESKH 12:252-258 '60. (MIRA 13:9)
(Girders--Testing)

BALOVNEV, G.G., dots.; TROFIMOV, G.S., inzh.

Selecting efficient shapes for thin-walled bent sections. Trudy
MIMESKH 12:259-267 '60. (MIRA 13:9)
(Girders)

TROFIMOV, G. S. Cand Tech Sci -- (diss) "Theoretical and experimental
study of curved thin-walled ^{profiles} used in agricultural machines."
Mos, 1959. 24 pp with graphs (Min of Agr USSR. Mos Inst of Mechanization
and Electrification of Agriculture), 150 copies (KL, 52-59, 122)

KURKOVICH, G. Ye., kandidat tekhnicheskogo nauchnogo (kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk).

(spetsial'nost' - radiofizika i radioelektronika, radiofizika i radioelektronika
v radioelektronike, radioelektronika i radioelektronika v radioelektronike)

1. Vseobuchnyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy inzhenernyy i tekhnicheskyy inzhenernyy
yazykschitnoye sarkhinsil'stroyeniya (kor. N. Tsvetkov). 2. Rezonansnyy
sot'iskhozyaystvennyy institut (kor. N. Tsvetkov).

TROFIMOV, Grigoriy Terent'yevich; IYEVLEVA, T.A., red.; DONSKAYA,
~~G.D., red.~~

[Highway construction on permafrost] Stroitel'stvo avto-
mobil'nykh dorog v usloviakh mnogoletnei merzloty. Moskva,
Nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo M-va avtomobil'nogo transporta i shosseinykh
dorog RSFSR, 1960. 43 p. (MIRA 13:5)
(Read construction--Cold weather conditions)

PINASHIN, A. N., TROFIMOV, G. V.

Iron Mines and Mining - Magnitogorsk

Organization of waste piling at the Magnitogorsk mine. Mekh. trud. rab. 6 No. 5, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, August 1952 1653, Uncr.

1. TROFIMOV, G. V. Eng.
 2. USSR (600)
 4. Various systems for the formation of terraces. Gor zhur. no. 11, 1952.
9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, January, 1953. Unclassified.

TROFIKOV, G.V.

The Committee of State Prize for the Progress of Science (NSP) in the field of science and inventions announced that the following scientific works, books and scientific books, and textbooks have been awarded the competition for State Prize for the years 1952 and 1953 (Sovetskaya Kultura, Moscow, No. 104, 21 April 1954).

Name	Title of Work	Sponsored by
Zurkov, P.E.	"The Working of Iron Ores	
Popov, S. I.	by the Open Pit Method"	
Gologin, G.M.		Magnitogorsk Mining Metal-
Karpov, A.F.		urgical Institute imeni
Nikol'skiy, N.A.		G.E. Nosov
Shitov, I.S.		
Bulychev, V.V.		
Ogiyevskiy, V.M.		
Treyvus, M.N.		
Shtremt, A.A.		
<u>Trofimov, G.V.</u>		
Pushkarev, G.I.		
Markman, N.Ye.		
Tikhovidov, I.I.		

SCD - W.30xx4, 7 July 1954

TROFIMOV, Georgiy Vladimirovich; PINASHIN, Aleksandr Nikiforovich;
YEFANOV, N.I., inzhener, retsentent; MARTYNOV, G.P., redaktor;
YEZDOKOVA, M.L., redaktor izdatel'stva; BBRLOV, A.P., tekhnicheskiy
redaktor

[Progressive experience in the organization and production of dump
work at the Magnitogorsk open-cut iron mine] Peredovoi opyt organi-
zatsii i proizvodstva otval'nykh rabot na magnitogorskom zhelezо-
rudnom kar're. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhkn. izd-vo lit-ry po
chernoi i tsvetnoi metallurgii, 1956. 73 p. (MLRA 9:11)

(Dumping appliances)
(Magnitogorsk--Strip mining)

BABKIN, A.G.; TROFIMOV, G.V.; GOROSHCHENKO, Ya.G.

Manufacturing laboratory equipment from polythene. Zav.lab. 26
no. 3:380-381 '60. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Kol'skiy filial Akademii nauk SSSR.
(L_ab_oratory_es--Equipment and supplies)
(Ethylene)

GOROSHCHENKO, Ya.G.; MOTOV, D.L.; TROFIMOV, G.V.; BELOKOSKOV, V.I.

Testing a continuous method for the sulfuric acid decomposi-
tion of titanium-niobium concentrates. Izv.Kar.i Kol .fil.
AN SSSR no.4:135-141 '59. (MIRA 13:5)

1. Laboratoriya khimicheskoy tekhnologii Kol'skogo filiala AN
SSSR.
(Sulfuric acid) (Titanium-niobium ores)

GOROSHCHENKO, Ya.G.; MOTOV, D.L.; TROFIMOV, G.V.

Laboratory experiments on the processing of sphene concentrate
by fusion with ammonium sulfate and sulfuric acid. Sbor.trudov
po khim.tehnol.min.syr'ia Kol'.poluos. no.1:67-78 '59.
(MIRA 12:5)

(Sphene) (Ammonium sulfate) (Sulfuric acid)

GOROSHCHENKO, Ya.G.; MOTOV, D.L.; TROFIMOV, G.V.

Extended laboratory experiments on the fusion of sphene
concentrate with ammonium sulfate and sulfuric acid. Sbor.
trudov po khim.tekhnol.min.syr'ia Kol'.poluos. no.1:79-100
'59. (MIRA 12:5)
(Sphene) (Titanium oxides) (Niobium)

Trofimov, G.V.

5(2)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/2015

Akademiya nauk SSSR. Kol'skiy filial

Sbornik trudov po khimicheskoy tekhnologii mineral'nogo syr'ya Kol'skogo poluostrova, vyp. 1 (Collection of Works on Chemical Technology of Minerals of the Kola Peninsula, № 1) Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1959. 221 p.
1,200 copies printed. Errata slip inserted.

Resp. Ed.: B.N. Melent'yev, Candidate of Geological and Mineralogical Sciences;
Ed. of Publishing House: B.M. Mrkus; Tech. Ed.: E. Yu. Bleykh.

PURPOSE: The book is intended for scientists and technicians concerned with the extraction of tantalum, niobium, and rare metals.

COVERAGE: The book deals with a study of a complex treatment of the perovskite and sphene concentrates. The first three articles cover methods of extraction of titanium dioxide from the perovskite concentrate with side recovery of niobium, tantalum, and rare earths. The treatment of sphene concentrate is discussed in two articles. The separation of titanium, niobium, and tantalum is described in a separate article. The problem of selecting an efficient

Card 1/3

Collection of Works on Chemical (Cont.)

SOV/2015

technological procedure is discussed in the last article. No personalities are mentioned. There are 31 references: 25 Soviet, 3 English, and 3 German.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Foreword

3

Goroshchenko, Ya. G., V.I. Belokoskov, Yu.A. Fomin, and M.I. Andreyeva.
Laboratory Experiments on the Treatment of Perovskite Concentrate According
to the Titanium Sulfate Procedure

5

Goroshchenko, Ya.G., V.I. Belokoskov, Yu.A. Fomin, and M.I. Andreyeva.
Laboratory Experiments on the Treatment of Perovskite Concentrate by
Fusion With Ammonium Sulfate and Sulfuric Acid

25

Goroshchenko, Ya.G., V.I. Belokoskov, and Yu. A. Fomin.
Large Scale Laboratory Experiments on Fusing Perovskite Concentrate
With Ammonium Sulfate and Sulfuric Acid

40

Goroshchenko, Ya. G., D.L. Motov, and G.V. Trofimov. Laboratory Experi-
ments on the Treatment of Sphene Concentrate by Fusion With Ammonium
Sulfate and Sulfuric Acid

67

Card 2/3

Collection of Works on Chemical (Cont.)

SOV/2015

Goroshchenko, Ya.G., D.L. Motov, and G.V. Trofimov. Large Scale Laboratory Experiments on Fusion of Sphene Concentrate With Ammonium Sulfate and Sulfuric Acid

79

Motov, D.L. Study of the System $TiO_2 - H_2SO_4 - (NH_4)_2SO_4 - H_2O$ by Dissolution in the Aqueous Solution Region

101

Goroshchenko, Ya.G., and M.I. Andreyeva. Extraction of Niobium and Tantalum From Intermediate Products Obtained During the Processing of Loparite, Perovskite, and Sphene

129

Goroshchenko, Ya.G., V.I. Belokoskov, Yu.A. Fomin, and D.L. Motov. The Problem of Selecting a Scheme for Industrial Process for the Production of Titanium Pigments From Perovskite Concentrate With Side Recovery of Rare Metals

148

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 3/3

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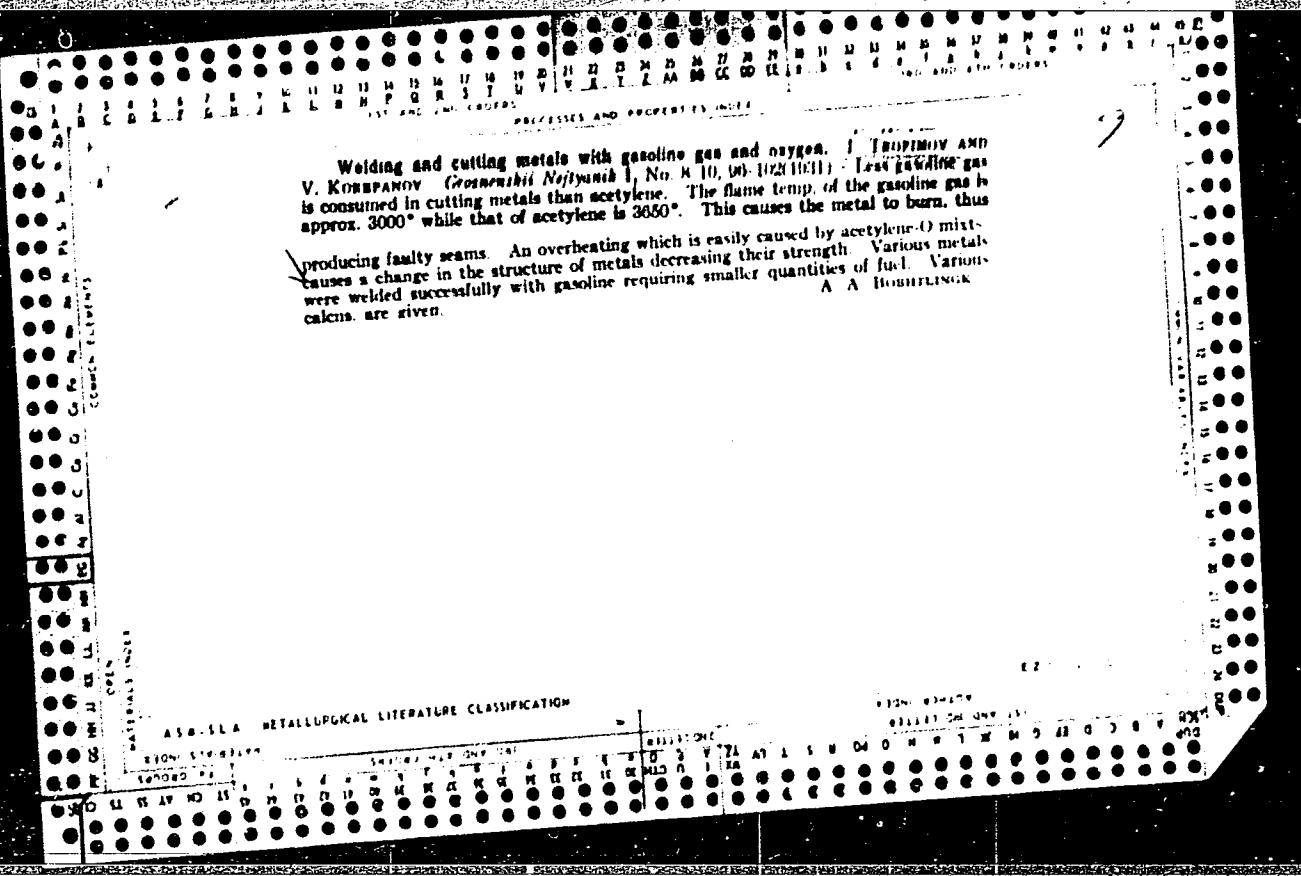
TROFIMOV, Georgiy Vladimirovich, doc.s.; POSOKHOV, Iurii Nikolayevich,
dets. Prinimal uchebnoye IOSSIASHVILI, M.Ya., inzh.; ZURKOV,
P.E., prof., doktor tekhn. nauk, red.

[Collection of problems on open-pit mine haulage] Sbornik za-
dach po kar'ernomu transportu. Moskva, Nedra, 1965. 203 p.
(MIRA 18:11)

733.1
.T6

Perevodoy Opyt Organizatsii I Preizvodstva Otsval'nykh Rabot Na Magnitogorskem Zhelezernom Klyuch'e (Advanced Experiments in Organization and Production of Dump Operations in the Magnitogorsk Iron-Ore Quarries, by) G. V. Trofimov I A. N. Finschin. Moskva, Metallurgizdat, 1956.
73 P. Diagrams., Graphs, Tables (Perevodoye Metody Truda)

- AVS



CA

9

Fusion welding of pipe lines. I. I. TROXIMOV. Grossneft Neftyanik 1, 4-5,
84 91(1931).—Various defects in acetylene and elec. arc welding of pipe lines caused by
overheating, etc., with particular reference to the structure and the strength of metal
are described in detail. A. A. BORITLINGK

Classification

ASH-LSA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

KHREBTOV, Ye.; TROFIMOV, I.,

For communist labor. Metallurg 8 no.4:4-5 Ap '63. (MIRA 16:3)
(Iron and steel workers)

TROFIMOV, I.

Improve the training of mechanizers. Prof.-tekhn. obr. 14 no.2:21-22
F '57. (MIRA 10:4)

1. Zamestitel' sekretarya parthyuro uchilishcha mekhanizatsii sel'sko-
go khozyaystva no.15, Gorodnenskaya oblast'.
(Farm mechanization--Study and teaching)

TROFIMOV, I. (g. Grodno)

Efficacy of the studies of political sciences. Prof.-tekhn.obr.
13 no.2:25 F '56. (MLRA 9:5)

1. Prepodavatel' uchilishcha mekhanizatsii sel'skogos khozyaystva
No. 15. (Communist education) (Technical education)

Automation of Cold [Metal] Stamping Production

Sov/5580

COVERAGE: The collection contains reports delivered at the Kiev Scientific and Technical Conference by workers of machine and instrument plants, design organizations, and scientific research and educational institutes. The conference was sponsored by the Kyivskaya obshchina po Pravleniyu Naukno-tekhnicheskogo obshchestva nauchno-tekhnicheskoy proizvodstvennoy Akademii (Kiev Scientific Administration of the Scientific and Technical Society of the Ukraine-Soviet Industry) and by the Ukrainskaya republikanskaya Pravleniya Naukno-tekhnicheskogo obshchestva nauchno-tekhnicheskoy Pravleniya (Ukrainian Republican Administration of the Scientific and Technical Society of the Instrument-Making Industry). The purpose of the Conference was to discuss the achievements and practical experience (especially at the Goryats'kiy Automobile Plant, the VEP Plant, and Leningrad factories) in the automation of automobile production. The conference also served to acquaint a wide circle of machine and instrument builders with the present state of automation in these fields and with the prospects for its further development. Papers dealing with experience in the design and operation of automatic devices, presses, and automobile production lines used in starting production were discussed. No personalities are mentioned. References accompany most of the articles.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

- Foreword
- Card/5

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION Sov/5580

Golubov, I.M., Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor, and I.P. Tarasenkov,
Candidate of Technical Sciences, Docent, eds.
Avtomatizatsiya malochastotnykh protirodnykh (Automation of Cold [Metal])
Stamping Production (Moscow, Naukova Dumka, 1961).

Sparking Agency: Gospodarstvennyy nauchno-tehnicheskiy komitet Soveta Ministriv
SFRJ; Institut tekhnicheskoy informatsii, Zashchito-sistemnye chislennye i
mashinotekhnicheskoy preryazhlyeniye. Klyuchevye doklady o proizvodstve,
Nauchno-tekhnicheskoy obshchnosti priborostroitel'skoy promstvlenosti,
Ukrainskaya republikanskaya Pravleniya.

Ed.: M.S. Sorokin, Tech. Ed.; M.J. Gorostayev, Chief Ed.: (Southern
Dept., Moscow); V.I. Sorokin, Engineer.

PURPOSE: This collection of articles is intended for workers at machine and
instrument plants and scientific research and design institutes.

CONT'D.

Automation of Cold [Metal] Stamping Production	507/5580
Preys, V.F. Use of Rotary Feeds as One Method of Expanding the Manufacturing Versatility of Mechanical Presses and Increasing Their Productivity	105
Filippov, V.V. Engineering and Economic Indexes of the Use of Standard Means of Mechanizing and Automating Manual Operations in Stamping	126
Medvid', M.V. Automation of Bushing Production for Roller Chains	139
Povidnylo, V.A. Designing and Constructing Vibratory Hopper Loaders	150
Preys, V.F. Engineering Methods of Designing Mechanical Automatic Locating Hopper Loaders	162
Trofimov, I.D. On Ways of Increasing the Productivity and Expanding the Manufacturing Versatility of Automatic Cold Upsetting Machines	179
Beordiyev, N.T. Increasing the Operational Efficiency of Existing Automatic Production Lines for Bolts and Nuts	191

Card 4/5

TROFIMOV, I.D."

Automatic straightening and cropping machines. Kuz.-shtam.
proizv. 4 no.3:26-32 Mr '62. (MIRA 15:3)
(Metalworking machinery)

TROFIMOV, I.D.

"Automatic production of threaded fastenings" by V.I. Zagurskii.
Reviewed by I.D. Trofimov. Kuz. shtam. proizv. 4 no.11:47
N '62.

(MIRA 15:11)

(Forging machinery)
(Zagurskii, V.I.)

TROFIMOV, I.D.

Modern multiposition upsetters and means of their efficient use.
Kuz.-shtam.proizv. 5 no.8:24-29 Ag '63. (MIRA 16:9)

TROFIMOV, I.D.

Selecting the type of mechanical transmission for press forging machines. Kuz. shtam. próizv. 3 no. 5:19-21 My '61. (MIRA 14:5)
(Forging machinery--Transmission devices)

TROFIMOV, I.D.

Stamping hammers. Kuz.-shtam. proizv. 1 no.7:42-43 J1 '59.
(MIRA 12:10)
(Forging machinery)

TROFIMOV, I.D.; PAVLOV, V.A.

Equipment for manufacturing pitch anchor and supporting chains.
Stan i instr. 23 no.10:29-32 O '57. (MIRA 10:11)
(Chains)

ZLOTNIKOV, S.L.; TROFIMOV, I.D.

"Forging and pressing equipment" by P.V.Suslov. Reviewed by
S.L.Zlotnikog, I.D.Trofimov. Vest.mash. 37 no.10:86-87 O '57.
(MIRA 10:11)

1. Nachal'nik otdela avtomaticheskikh liniy TSentral'nogo kon-
struktorskogo byuro mashinostroyeniya (for Zlotnikov). 2. Nachal'nik
otdela mekhanicheskikh pressov i avtomatov TSentral'nogo konstruktor-
skogo byuro mashinostroyeniya (for Trofimov).

(Forging machinery) (Power presses)

TROFIMOV, I.D.; PAVLOV, V.A.; ZLOTNIKOV, S.L., inzna., retsenzent

[Chain manufacturing equipment] TSepedelatel'noe oborudovanie. Moskva, Mashinostroenie, 1965. 140 p.
(MIRA 18:3)

MAKAROV, P.O., KESAREVA, Ye.P., RAKHmilevich, L.S., TROFIMOV, I.G.,

Nikolai Aleksandrovich IUDenich; an obituary. *Fiziol.zhur.* 44 no.6:606
Je '58 (MIRA 11:7)

(IUDENICH, NIKOLAI ALEKSANDROVICH, 1900-1958)